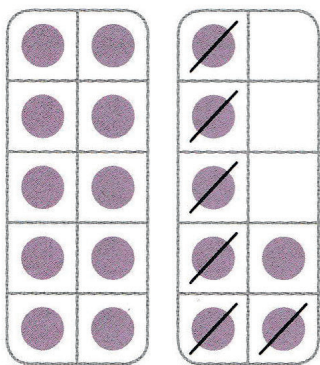
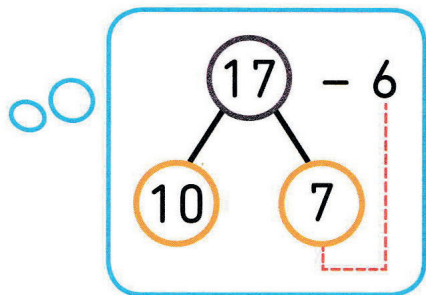


1 Soustrais en décomposant le plus grand nombre.

$$17 - 6 = \boxed{11}$$

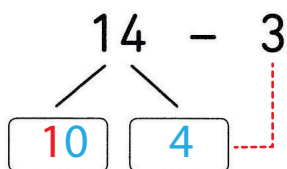
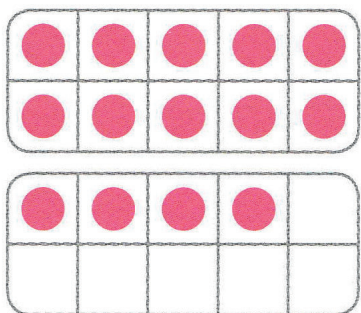


Soustrais
6 de 7.

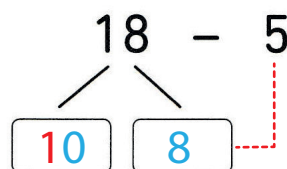
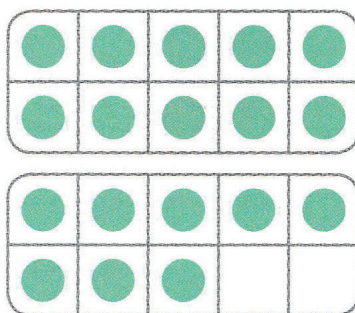


2 Soustrais.

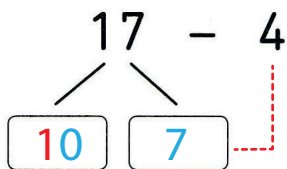
a) $14 - 3 = \boxed{11}$



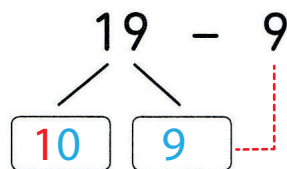
b) $18 - 5 = \boxed{13}$



c) $17 - 4 = \boxed{13}$



d) $19 - 9 = \boxed{10}$

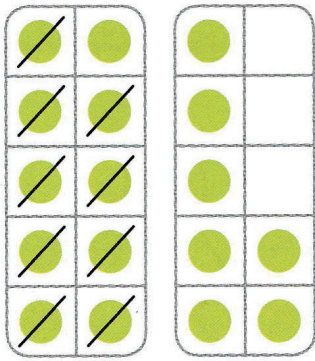


e) Peux-tu soustraire 8 de 14 de la même façon ?

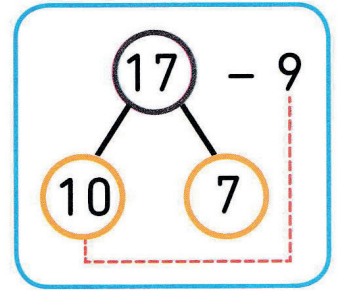
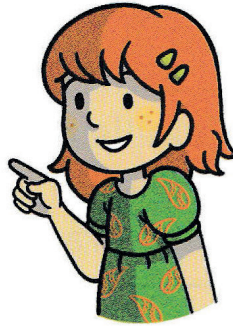
Explique ta réponse. *8 est plus grand que 4. Il faut donc soustraire 8 de 10 et ensuite rajouter 4. La leçon suivante en parle.*

1 Soustrais en décomposant le plus grand nombre.

$$17 - 9 = \boxed{8}$$

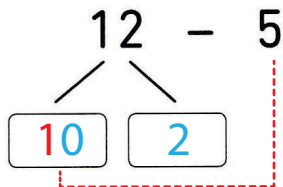
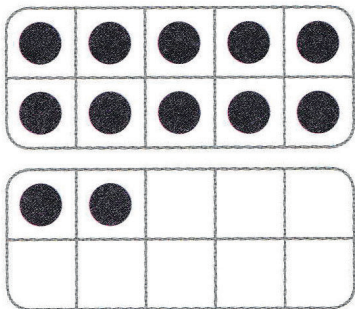


Soustrais 9 de 10.

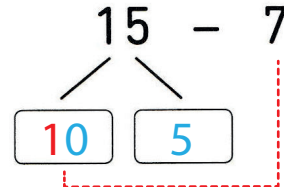
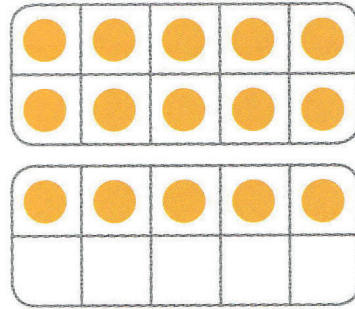


2 Complète les égalités.

a) $12 - 5 = \boxed{7}$



b) $15 - 7 = \boxed{8}$



3 Complète. Explique tes réponses avec des mots ou un dessin.

a) $16 - 8 = \boxed{8}$

b) $\boxed{16}$ est le double de $\boxed{8}$.

c) $\boxed{8}$ est la moitié de $\boxed{16}$.

